

Net Stable Funding Ratio Disclosure at December 31, 2023

Quantitative Disclosure

Ujjivan Small Finance Bank, as per the RBI guideline on Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) dated May 17, 2018, is required to maintain the NSFR on an ongoing basis. The minimum NSFR requirement set out in the RBI guideline is 100%.

NSFR is defined as the amount of available stable funding relative to the amount of required stable funding. "Available Stable Funding" (ASF) is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to one year. The amount of stable funding required ("Required Stable Funding") (RSF) of a specific institution is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held by that institution as well as those of its off-balance sheet (OBS) exposures.

The following table sets out the unweighted and weighted value of the NSFR components of the Ujjivan Small Finance Bank as at December 31, 2023.

The NSFR as of December 31, 2023 was 132.33%.

Sr. No	(₹ in Crore)	Unweighted value by residual maturity				Weighted value
		No maturity*	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	
	ASF Item					
1	Capital: (2+3)	5382.87	-	-	-	5382.87
2	Regulatory capital	5082.87	-	-	-	5082.87
3	Other capital instruments	300.00	-	-	-	300.00
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	17566.10	-	-	-	16208.70
5	Stable deposits	7984.35	-	-	-	7585.13
6	Less stable deposits	9581.74	-	-	-	8623.57
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	-	852.32	4052.14	808.27	3260.51
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other wholesale funding	-	852.32	4052.14	808.27	3260.51
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	788.43	9932.56	119.28	28.28	-

11	NSFR derivative liabilities		-	-	-	-
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	788.43	9932.56	119.28	28.28	-
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					24852.08
	RSF Item					
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					342.63
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	28.98	-	0.05	14.51
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+20+21+23)	-	7350.43	8750.51	8150.97	17489.72
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	-	-	-
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	795.69	418.19	566.89	895.34
19	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks, and PSEs, of which:	-	6554.73	8332.32	7571.35	13879.18
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	17.70	14.44	149.89	113.50
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	82.24	91.89	4026.66	2704.39
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	-	-	-	-	-

23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	-	-	-	12.73	10.82
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	394.80	-	608.45	75.22	767.13
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold					-
26	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs		-	-	47.42	40.31
27	NSFR derivative assets		-	-	-	-
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		-	-	-	-
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	394.80	-	608.45	27.80	726.83
30	Off-balance sheet items		20.00	1034.42	-	52.32
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+20+24+30)					18779.81
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					132.33%

* Items to be reported in the 'no maturity' time bucket do not have a stated maturity. These may include, but are not limited to, items such as capital with perpetual maturity, non-maturity deposits, short positions, open maturity positions and non-HQLA equities.



Qualitative Disclosure

The NSFR guidelines require banks to maintain a stable funding profile in relation to the composition of their assets and off-balance sheet exposure. NSFR aids bank to limit the dependency on short term whole sale funding and encourages better assessment of funding risk across all on- and off-balance sheet items, and promotes funding stability.

Major driving factors of NSFR are:

Available Stable Funding -

An increase in available stable funding will impact the NSFR positively. The bank shall aim for higher available stable funding, which in the form of deposits, and will increase the long-term funding of the bank. The Bank has been focussing on retail deposits albeit reducing reliance on bulk deposits.

Required Stable Funding-

An increase in required stable funding will impact the NSFR negatively. The required stable funding of the bank is increasing as it is building loan portfolio between unsecured and secured loans across various products

NSFR Trend

There is a delta of 8.23% from the NSFR reported for September 30, 2023 due to the following reasons:

Available Stable Funding -

There was decrease in ASF owing to movement of liabilities from long term buckets to short term buckets.

Required Stable Funding-

There has been considerable growth in assets of the bank during the quarter.